have been determined to be excess to the current requirements of the stockpile, in accordance with the following table:

Material	Quantities
Asbestos, amosite	34,000 short tons
Bismuth	255,400 pounds
Diamond, industrial, crushing bort	8,000,000 carats
Fluorspar, metallurgical grade	15,000 short dry
Graphite, natural, Malagasy, crystalline	3,635 short tons
Graphite natural other than Ceylon and	872 short tons
Mercury	15,000 flasks
Mica, muscovite block, stained and better	10,000 pounds
Silicon carbide	600 short tons
Talc, block and lump	28 short tons
Tin	5,000 metric tons

(3) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—The disposal authority provided in subsection (a) is in addition to any other disposal authority provided by law.

(4) LIMITATION ON DISPOSALS DURING FISCAL YEARS 1990 AND 1991.—The National Defense Stockpile Manager may dispose of materials under this section during each of the fiscal years 1990 and 1991 only to the extent that the total amount received (or to be received) from such disposals for each such fiscal year does not exceed the amount obligated from the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund during such fiscal year for the purposes authorized under section 9(b)(2) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h(bX2)).

SEC. 3303. AUTHORIZATION OF ACQUISITIONS

(5) ACQUISITIONS.—During each of the fiscal years 1990 and 1991, the National Defense Stockpile Manager shall obligate $180,000,000 out of funds of the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund (subject to such limitations as may be provided in appropriations Acts) for the authorized uses of such funds under section 9(bX2) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h(bX2)).

(6) UPGRADE PROGRAMS.—Of the amount specified in subsection (a), at least $30,000,000 shall be obligated during each of such fiscal years for programs not already required by law for upgrading stockpile materials.

SEC. 3311. STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT, RESEARCH, AND CONSERVATION

Section 8 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98g) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(c) The President shall make scientific, technologic, and economic investigations concerning the feasibility of —

"(1) developing domestic sources of supply of materials (other than materials referred to in subsections (a) and (b)) determined pursuant to section 3(a) to be strategic and critical materials; and